

RZ-003-1016038 Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. VI) (CBCS) Examination March - 2019

BC - 603: Endocrinology and Cancer Biology

Faculty Code: 003

Subject Code: 1016038

Tin	ne : 2	$2\frac{1}{2}$ H	Hours] [Total Marks :	70
1	(A)	Write answers in one or two sentences:		4
		(1)	Write the biochemical nature and function of receptor.	
		(2)	Why the endocrine glands are called ductless glands?	
		(3)	Name the bonds involved in binding between receptor and ligand.	
		(4)	What do you understand by symptoms of a disease?	
	(B)	Wri	te any one out of two in brief:	2
		(1)	Write the difference between agonist and antagonist.	
		(2)	Giving one example, define mobile receptors.	
	(C)	Wri	te any one out of two in detail :	3
		(1)	Define Hormone therapy and discuss its various types.	
		(2)	Write an overview of functions of hormones.	
	(D)	Wri	te detailed note on any one out of two:	5
		(1)	List major endocrine gland with their hormones.	
		(2)	Discuss events when hormone receptor is membrane bound.	

2	(A)	Write answers in one or two sentences:		4
		(1)	Write the two major effects of thyroid hormones on body.	
		(2)	Give the function of somatomedin.	
		(3)	What is osteomalacia?	
		(4)	What is bone resorption ?	
	(B)	Write any one out of two in brief:		2
		(1)	Give the difference between toxic and non-toxic goiter.	
		(2)	Name the cells secreting growth hormone and the chemical nature of Growth hormone.	
	(C)	Write any one out of two in detail:		3
		(1)	Explain synthesis of thyroid hormones.	
		(2)	What do you understand by gigantism, acromegaly and dwarfism?	
	(D)	Write detailed note on any one out of two:		5
		(1)	Discuss parts, histology, hormones and disorders of posterior pituitary.	
		(2)	Discuss parathyroid gland and its hormones.	
3	(A)	Write answers in one or two sentences:		4
		(1)	Write the two major function of GI hormones.	
		(2)	Give the basic functional difference between insulin and glucagon.	
		(3)	What is NIDDM?	
		(4)	What do you understand by menarche?	
	(B)	Write any one out of two in brief:		2
		(1)	Define catecholamine and name the two amino acids used for synthesis of catecholamines.	
		(2)	Give the chemical nature and synthesis of progesterone.	

	(C)	Write any one out of two in detail:		3
		(1)	Discuss about gastrin, GIP and ghrelin.	
		(2)	Write a note on applied physiology of adrenal cortex.	
	(D)	Wri	te detailed note on any one out of two:	5
		(1)	Discuss the functions, mechanism of action and regulation of mineralocorticoids.	
		(2)	Describe functions,, mode of action and regulation of testosterone.	
4	(A)	Write answers in one or two sentences:		4
		(1)	Define Signal Transduction.	
		(2)	Name the enzyme which plays role in termination of signal.	
		(3)	State full form of cAMP and name enzyme which forms cAMP.	
		(4)	Give example of cytosolic receptor.	
	(B)	Write any one out of two in brief:		2
		(1)	State components of signal transduction pathway.	
		(2)	State types of cell signalling.	
	(C)	C) Write any one out of two in detail :		3
	` '	(1)	Explain mechanism of action of estrogen receptors.	
		(2)	Enlist structural domains of nuclear receptors.	
	(D)	Wri	te detailed note on any one out of two:	5
		(1)	Write a short note on cAMP as secondary messenger.	
		(2)	Write an- essay on role of all components of signal transduction.	

3

RZ-003-1016038]

[Contd....

5	(A)	Write answers in one or two sentences:	
		(1) Define the term: Physical carcinogen	
		(2) Write the functional role of DNA damage and repair in control of cancer.	
		(3) Why benign tumor is usually not harmful?	
		(4) What do you understand by the term viral oncogenes?	
	(D)	White are are at afternoon brief.	0
	(B)	Write any one out of two in brief:	2
		(1) Tumor cells are self cells then why does our immune system becomes reactive against them?	
		(2) Classify the types of cancer based on its origin.	
	(C)	Write any one out of two in detail:	3
		(1) Briefly explain the characteristics of tumor cells.	
		(2) Write the role of p53 in pathogenesis of the cancer.	
	(D)	Write detailed note on any one out of two:	5
		(1) Explain the DNA damage and repair genes and tumor suppressor genes in the carcinogenesis	
		(2) Explain stages of metastasis with help of labelled	

diagram.